Understanding Brooktrout Return Codes

Preface

This document is intended for resellers and end users that use LAN Fax applications with the Brooktrout API. It describes return codes that may be logged by the application. For example, in the case of a failed call or fax attempt, the application may log the hangup code returned by the board.

These return codes may not match how the LAN Fax application presents them to you, for example they may prefix the Brooktrout code to distinguish it from internal or other return codes.

When using the return code to determine the nature of a failed fax, be aware that codes can be returned for many normal events, such as a busy line or if a receiving fax machine has ran out of paper. It is important to first assess if the problem is consistent, occurs abnormally frequently or can be reproduced before attempting to identify the root cause.

The five phases of faxing

To understand the reason for a failed fax, it is important to determine when the failure occurred. Defined within the T.30 standards are the five phases of a fax call, defined below.

Phase A

Call establishment.

When originating a call, this is the dialling of the destination number, the detection of pickup and an answering fax machine. Final Call Progress (FCP) values are returned to the application after phase A, and are described in the accompanying table.

Phase B

Pre-message procedure

Consists of the identification of capabilities and the commanding of the chosen conditions, as well as the confirmation of acceptable conditions. Essentially it is when the sending and receiving devices exchange control information to determine many parameters, including what compression (MH, MR, MMR), speed (9.6k, 14.4k) and resolution (Normal, Fine, Ultrafine) will take place.

Phase C

Message transmission

The actual transfer of the fax image takes place here.

Phase D

Post-message procedure

This includes information regarding end-of-message, confirmation, end-of-facsimile signalling.

Phase E

Call release The hangup of the call.

Types of Return Code

There are three types of code returned by the Brooktrout API. These will be covered later in detail.

Final Call Progress

At the end of phase A, the API returns a Final Call Progress to the application, this includes such things a *busy*, or *ringing with no answer*.

Fax Hangup Code

The API returns a fax hangup code for termination occurring anywhere during phases B-D. There is a very wide range of hangup codes.

Hardware/firmware Error codes

These could be returned at any time, representing an abnormal fatal error.

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Final Call Progress

Since this value is returned at the end of phase A, and no fax information transfer has taken place, any issues are telephony and not fax related. These would be logged in cases such as, failure to dial out from behind a PBX, invalid numbers, no connection/open circuit cables or invalid/incorrect country code selection.

| Value | Call Progress Type | Description |
|-------|---------------------|--|
| 301 | BUSY1 | Normal busy; remote end busy (off-hook) |
| 302 | BUSY2 | Normal busy; remote end busy (off-hook). Used instead of BUSY1 in certain countries |
| 303 | ROBUSY | Reorder or fast busy; indicates that telephone company trunk lines are busy; on PBXs, indicates no available outside lines. |
| 304 | RECALL | Recall dial tone detected; signal generated when calling another party while already connected to one or more parties (for example, conference calling, call waiting). |
| 305 | CONFIRM | Confirmation tone; automated equipment acknowledges successful completion of caller requested feature (for example, call forwarding). This is not G2 confirmation tone (CFR2). |
| 308 | RING1 | Ringback detected; remote end is ringing. The Central Office connected to the dialled number generates this signal. |
| 309 | RING2 | Ringback detected; remote end is ringing. The Central Office connected to the dialed number generates this signal. Also known as double-ring, it is used in the U.K. |
| 316 | HUMAN | Answer (probable human) detected; does not match any other expected call progress signal patterns. |
| 318 | DIALTON | Dial tone detected; usually indicates the dialing sequence did not break dial tone. |
| 325 | RNGNOANS | Indicates the remote end was ringing but did not answer. In fax mode, this result |
| | | occurs after the ced_timeout (default: 40 secs) has expired and the line continues |
| | | to ring (You can adjust the value of these timeout parameters in the btcall.cfg |
| | | configuration file). |
| 326 | G2DETCT | Group 2 fax machine detected; remote machine is capable of sending and |
| 227 | | receiving G2 facsimiles only. |
| 327 | SITINIC | Intercept tone detected; remote end originating failure; invalid telephone number |
| | | detalink mis match (ntn or nmn) |
| 378 | OUJET | After dialing the number, no energy detected on the line for the wait for ced |
| 520 | QUILI | timeout period; possible dead line. |
| 329 | SITVACODE | Vacant tone detected; remote originating failure; invalid telephone number. |
| 330 | SITREORD | Reorder tone detected; end office (PBX) or carrier originating failure. |
| 331 | SITNOCIR | No circuit detected; end office or carrier originating failure, possible dead line. |
| 333 | RMTOFFHK | Remote fax machine went off-hook (also known as Answer Supervision). On |
| | | TR114 digital boards only, it is reported when the TR114 detects that the A |
| | | signaling bit has gone active (logic 1). It is also reported for the TR114 Japanese |
| | | board with Polarity Reversal Detection when the reverse side answers the call. |
| | | Since the TRT14 does not support other signaling types, this result is valid only when using E&M signaling on T1 lines. On connections not completely digital |
| | | the nearest CO in the linkage causes this result |
| | | Note: depending on the configuration of the CO T1 and E1 connections may not |
| | | use or provide in-band signalling. |
| 348 | ISDN CALL PROGRESS | By enabling call progress on an ISDN D channel, one of the following values |
| _ | | will be in the second byte of the FIFO buffer: |
| | | 4: CALL_PROCEEDING: Call is proceeding normally. |
| | | 5: CALL_ALERTING: Ringback detected; remote end is ringing |
| | | 6: CALL_CONNECTED: Call is connected |
| | | 7: CALL_DISCONNECTED: Call was disconnected |
| 349 | ISDN_CALL_COLLISION | Indicates that a call collision occurred on the ISDN line. |

Final call progress values when in fax protocol mode

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Fax Hangup Codes

These are first divided into whether the fax was being originated, or answering. They are further grouped into which of the T.30 phases the hangup occurred. The codes and a brief description of that code are listed below.

From the hangup code, it is possible to identify during which phase the hangup occurred, whether the board was originating or answering, and obtain a description. To further identify exactly the cause of the hangup would require a detailed knowledge of the T.30 protocol. The T.30 flowchart for non-ECM transmission is provided for reference.

Page column

This field generally shows the page number of the Annex to refer, to find the location within the T.30 protocol that the hangup occurred. The sections shown on pages A-5 and A-6 *Response Received*? and *Command Received*?, are called from a variety of locations within the T.30 protocol, and you will also need to determine from where the *Response Received*? or *Command Received*? was called.

For example, hangup code 29 (DCN received in COMREC) refers to page A-6. The number 29 can be seen next to exit point 4, as its description indicates, this was a disconnection received during the *Command Receive* state, although we cannot tell where the *Command Receive* was called from. From the table below, code 29 belongs to the group of Transmit Phase B Codes, transmit phase B is shown on page A-1, and the particular point that the *Command Receive* was called can be seen, shown as COMMAND REC?

FCP as a page value indicates that this is a Final Call Progress, or Phase A disconnection. ECM as a page value indicates that this is a ECM mode hangup code, not shown in the flowchart.

| Value | Page | Hangup code | Description |
|------------------------------|------|-------------------------|---|
| Call Placement Phase A Codes | | | |
| 0 | FCP | HNG_NORMAL_XMIT | Normal and proper end of connection. |
| 1 | FCP | HNG_RNG_DET | Ring detected without a successful handshake. |
| 2 | FCP | HNG_ABORT | Call Aborted |
| 3 | FCP | HNG_NO_LOOP_CURRENT | No loop current or A/B signaling bits. |
| 4 | FCP | HNG_ISDN_DISCONNECT | ISDN disconnection. |
| 11 | A-1 | HNG_T1_TIMEOUT | No answer, T.30 T1 time-out. |
| Transmit Phase B Codes (A-1) | | | |
| 20 | A-1 | HNG_XMITB_TIMEOUT | Unspecified transmit Phase B error. |
| 21 | A-6 | HNG_XMITB_NORM | Remote cannot receive or send. |
| 22 | A-1 | HNG_XMITB_MISC | COMREC error, Phase B transmit. |
| 23 | A-1 | HNG_XMITB_COMREC_VCNR | COMREC invalid command received. |
| 24 | A-5 | HNG_XMITB_SE | RSPREC error |
| 25 | A-1 | HNG_XMITB_DCS_FTC | DCS send three times without response. |
| 26 | A-1 | HNG_XMITB_DIS_FTC | DIS/DTC received three times; DCS not recognised. |
| 27 | A-1 | HNG_XMITB_TRAINFAIL | Failure to train. |
| 28 | A-1 | HNG_XMITB_RSPREC_VCNR | RSPREC invalid response received. |
| 29 | A-6 | HNG_XMITB_COMREC_DCN | DCN received in COMREC. |
| 30 | A-5 | HNG_XMITB_RSPREC_DCN | DCN received in RSPREC. |
| 33 | A-1 | HNG_PHASEB_INCOMPAT_FMT | Incompatible fax formats, for example, a page width mismatch. |
| 34 | | HNG_XMITB_INVAL_DMACNT | Invalid DMA count specified for transmitter. |
| 35 | | HNG_XMITB_FTM_NOECM | Binary File Transfer specified, but ECM not enabled on |
| | | | transmitter. |
| 36 | A-1 | HNG_XMITB_INCMP_FTM | Binary File Transfer mode specified, but not supported by |
| | | | receiver. |

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| Transmit Phase D Codes (A-3) | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| 40 | ECM | HNG_XMITD_RR_NORES | No response to RR after three tries. | | |
| 41 | ECM | HNG_XMITD_CTC_NORES | No response to CTC, or response was not CTR. | | |
| 42 | ECM | HNG_XMITD_T5TO_RR | T5 time out since receiving first RNR. | | |
| 43 | ECM | HNG_XMITD_NOCONT_NSTMSG | Do not continue with next message after receiving ERR. | | |
| 44 | ECM | HNG_XMITD_ERRRES_EOREOP | ERR response to EOR-EOP or EOR-PRI-EOP. | | |
| 45 | | HNG_XMITD_RTN_DCN | Transmitted DCN after receiving RTN. | | |
| 46 | ECM | HNG_XMITD_PPR_EOR | EOR-MPS, EOR-EOM, EOR-NULL, EOR-PRI-MPS, or | | |
| | | | EOR-PRI-EOM sent after fourth PPR received. | | |
| 51 | A-5 | HNG_XMITD_SE | RSPREC error. | | |
| 52 | A-3 | HNG_XMITD_MPS_FTC | No response to MPS, repeated three times. | | |
| 53 | A-3 | HNG_XMITD_MPS_VCNR | Invalid response to MPS. | | |
| 54 | A-3 | HNG_XMITD_EOP_FTC | No response to EOP repeated three times. | | |
| 55 | A-3 | HNG_XMITD_EOP_VCNR | Invalid response to EOP. | | |
| 56 | A-3 | HNG_XMITD_EOM_FTC | No response to EOM, repeated three times. | | |
| 57 | A-3 | HNG_XMITD_EOM_VCNR | Invalid response to EOM. | | |
| 60 | A-5 | HNG_XMITD_RSPREC_DCN | DUN received in RSPREC. | | |
| 61 | ECM | HNG_XMITD_PPSNULL_NORES | No response received after third try for PPS-NULL. | | |
| 62 | ECM | HNG_XMITD_PPSMP5_NORES | No response received after third try for PPS-MPS. | | |
| 64 | ECM | HNG_AMITD_PPSEOP_NORES | No response received after third try for PPS-EOP. | | |
| 65 | ECM | HNG_AMITD_PPSEOM_NORES | No response received after third try for EOD NULL | | |
| 66 | ECM ECM | HNG_XMITD_EORNOLL_NORES | No response received after third try for EOR MPS | | |
| 67 | FCM | HNG_XMITD_EORIM S_NORES | No response received after third try for EOR-EOP | | |
| 68 | FCM | HNG_XMITD_EOREON_NORES | No response received after third try for EOR-EOM | | |
| 00 | THING_AIMITD_EOREONI_NORES IN TESPOISE TECEIVED AITET UIITU ILY TOT EOR-EOIM. | | | | |
| 70 | 1 | | hase B Codes (A-2) | | |
| /0 | 1.5 | HNG_RCVB_TIMEOUT | Unspecified receive Phase B error. | | |
| /1 | A-5 | HNG_KUVB_SE | KSPREC effor. | | |
| 72 | A-3 | HNG T2 DNOTDEC | T 20 T2 time out expected page not received | | |
| 73 | A-2 | HNG_I2_FNOIKEC | T 30 T1 time out after FOM received | | |
| 74 | Δ-6 | HNG_NORMAL_RCV | DCN received in COMPEC | | |
| 76 | A-5 | HNG RCVB RSPRFC DCN | DCN received in RSPREC | | |
| 77 | A-5 | HNG T2 TIMEOUT | T 30 T2 time-out, expected page received. | | |
| 78 | | HNG RCVB INVAL DMACNT | Invalid DMA count specified for receiver. | | |
| 79 | | HNG RCVB FTM NOECM | Binary File Transfer specified, but ECM not supported by | | |
| | | | receiver. | | |
| | | Receive P | hase D Codes (A-4) | | |
| 101 | A-4 | HNG_RCVD SE VCNR | RSPREC invalid response received. | | |
| 102 | A-4 | HNG_RCVD_COMREC VCNR | COMREC invalid response received. | | |
| 103 | A-4 | HNG_RCVD_T3TO_NORESP | T3 time-out; no local response for remote voice interrupt. | | |
| 104 | A-4 | HNG_RCVD_T2TO | T2 time-out; no command received after responding RNR. | | |
| 105 | A-6 | HNG_RCVD_DCN_COMREC | DCN received for command received. | | |
| 106 | A-6 | HNG_RCVD_COMREC_ERR | Command receive error. | | |
| 107 | A-4 | HNG_RCVD_BLKCT_ERR | Receive block count error in ECM mode. | | |
| 108 | A-4 | HNG_RCVD_PGCT_ERR | Receive page count error in ECM mode. | | |
| | Miscellaneous Codes | | | | |
| 240 | | HNG_INTERRUPT_ACK | No interrupt acknowledges, time-out. | | |
| 241 | | HNG_COMM_FAULT | Loop current still present while playing reorder tone after time- | | |
| | | | out. | | |
| 242 | | HNG_T30_HOLDUP | T.30 holdup time-out. | | |
| 243 | | HNG_HOLDUP_DCN | DCN received from host in receive holdup section for FAX PAD mode. | | |
| 244 | | HNG_HOLDUP_DCN_NON_FPAD | DCN received from host in receive holdup section for non- | | |
| | | | FAX PAD mode. | | |

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| API-Created Codes – These represent abnormal fatal events | | | |
|--|------------------------|--|--|
| 500 | HNG_ERROR_INTERRUPT | An error interrupt occurred, indicating a problem with the | |
| | | board too severe to continue. | |
| 501 | HNG_INTERRUPT_OVERRUN | The application was unable to process interrupts from the | |
| | | board fast enough, and information was lost. | |
| 502 | HNG_UNEXPECTED_IRSDONE | The channel generated an unexpected 03 (reset done) or 7F | |
| | | interrupt, indicating the existence of a firmware or hardware | |
| | | problem. | |
| 503 | HNG_IOCTL_ERROR | An API command to the driver returned an error value, | |
| | | indicating that the driver or the operating system detected an | |
| | | error. This error often occurs when a channel locks up. | |
| 505 | HNG_MAX_TIMEOUT | | |

Hardware/firmware Error codes

These occur very rarely, and represent a fatal error within the hardware or firmware. As such they could possibly occur during any phase. Possible errors and their description are included.

| IERROR | Name | Description |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|
| Value | | |
| IERROR 0x8 | DMA grant timeout | Grant Command not issues to channel within 30 secs. Host not keeping up channel stuck/hung. |
| IERROR 0x5 | Transmit buffer underrun | Channel buffer runs empty. Host not keeping up. |
| IERROR 0x6 | Receive buffer underrun | Channel buffer fills up. Host not keeping up. |
| IERROR 0x4 | DMA transfer error | Channel does not receive any/all data. I/O speed too high incompatible DMS. |
| IERROR 0xFF | Firmware panic interrupt | Firmware in bad / unknown state. Possible bug in firmware. |

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|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| | | |

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T.30 Protocol flowchart (non-ECM)



Answering Fax Machine



Calling Fax Machine





Response Received?



Command Received?



A - 6